Investments for climate action, innovation and digitalisation

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Challenges

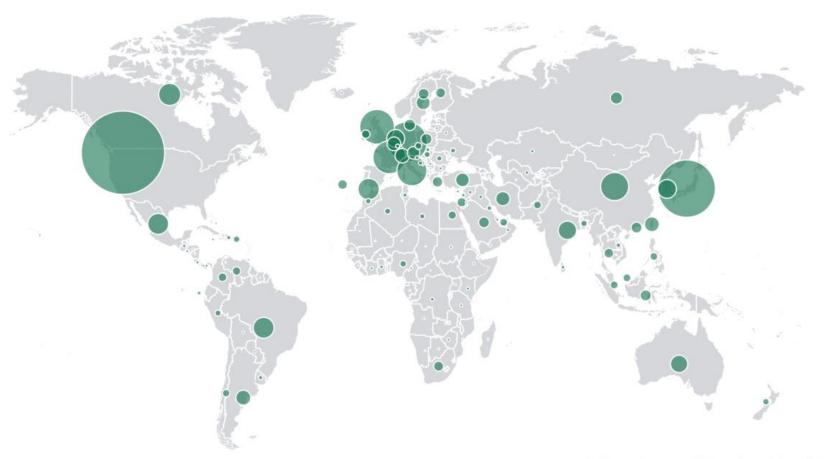
A small selection of challenges for Europe and risks for the world economy.



We are in a multipolar world - things have changed

IMF DataMapper

GDP, current prices (Billions of U.S. dollars, 1999)

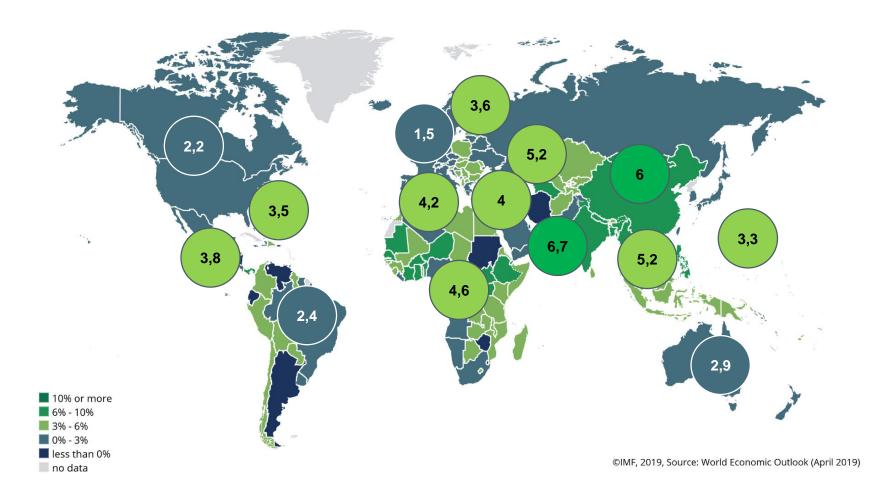


©IMF, 2019, Source: World Economic Outlook (April 2019)



Global weights are shifting

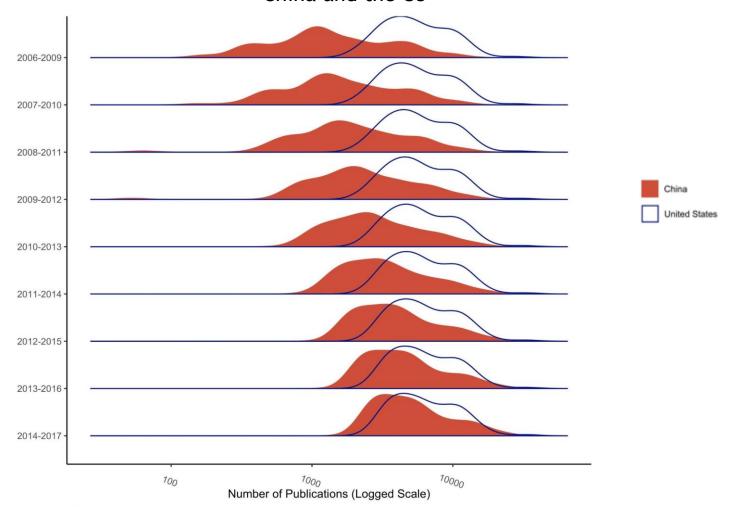
Global growth 2019 and average growth 1999-2019 (IWF)





Impressive rise of China in scientific research

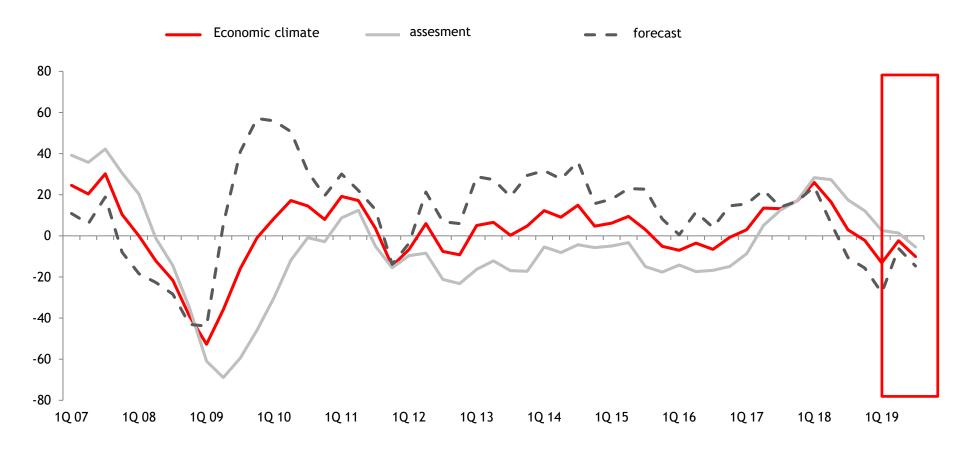
Number of publications of the top 100 most publishing universities in China and the US





World Economic Climate - Slowdown

IFO Economic climate world









Economic upswing halts

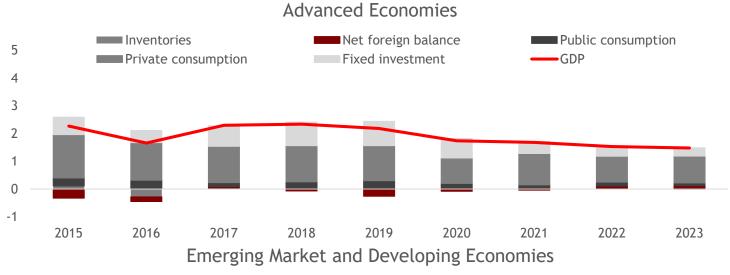
Economic upswing natus	real GDP growth (in %)		
Real GDP growth, yoy change in %	2019	2020	
World	+3.5	+3.2	
China	+6.2	+5.8	
USA	+2.3	+1.8	
Brazil*	+2.1	+2.5	
Russia*	+2.3	+1.6	
India*	+7.3	+7.5	
South Africa*	+1.2	+1.5	
Japan*	+1.0	+0.5	
European Union	+1.6	+1.7	

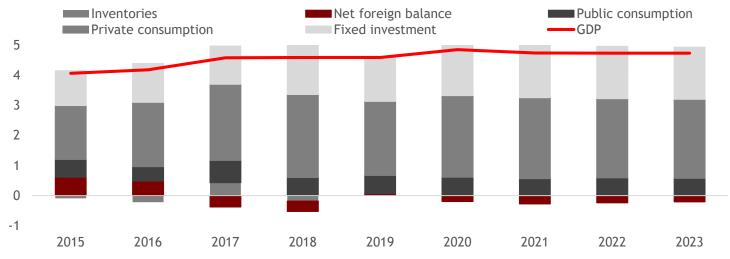
	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Austria	+ 1.0	+ 2.1	+ 2.5	+ 2.4	+ 1.7	+ 1.4
EU-28	+ 2.1	+ 1.9	+ 2.5	+ 1.9	+ 1.2	+ 1.3
growth diff.	- 1.1	- 0.2	0.0	+ 0.6	+ 0.5	+ 0.1

Source: WIFO



Contributions to GDP growth (percent)





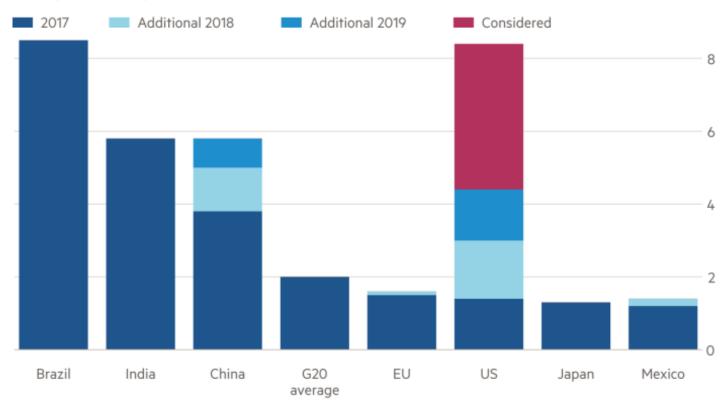


Source: IMF staff calculation

Protectionism

The US is on its way to becoming a highly protectionist country

Average trade-weighted import tariffs in G20 countries (%)



STAT OF THE WEEK

By 2013, 70% of world goods exports competed against trade distortions imposed since the beginning of the global financial crisis.

Source: World Bank © FT



What businesses need (to continue investing)

Results of the Austrian Business Survey on investment and innovation



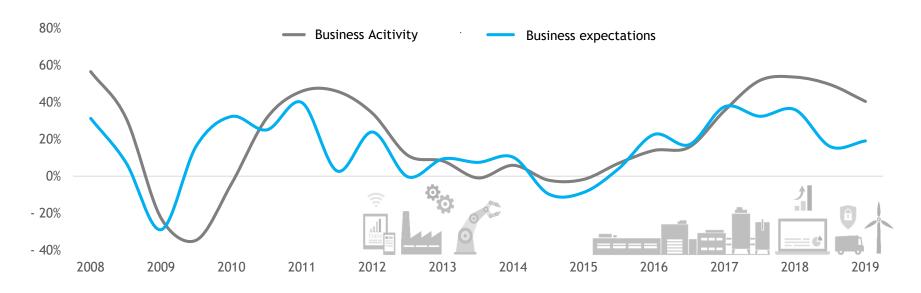
Austrian Business Survey Results at a glance

Die gröfite Umfrage der gewerblichen Wirtschaft **

Positive Outlook - Losing Momentum

- Expectations clearly below the estimation of the previous situation
- Willingness to invest is declining
- Big businesses more optimistic expectations

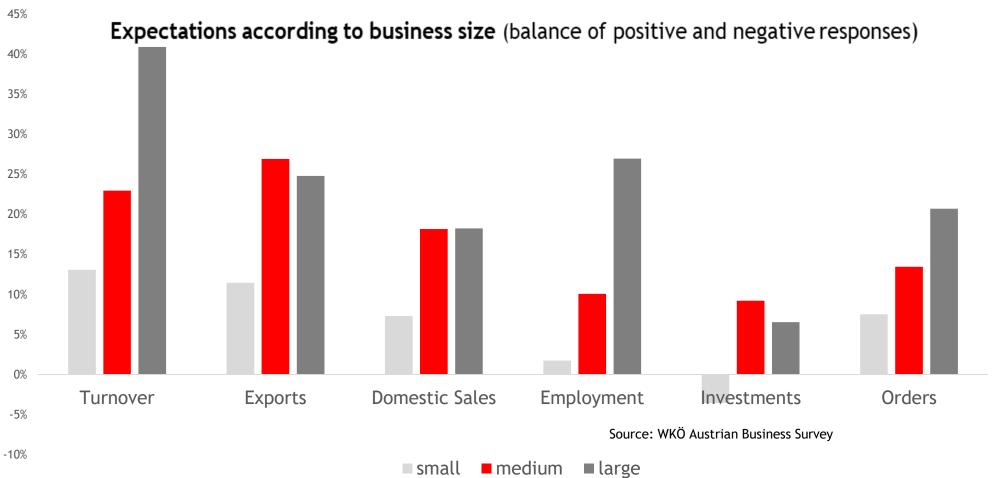
Business expectation: average of order situation and sales balance of positive and negative answers







Expectations grow with size of enterprise, mediumsized enterprises relatively confident





Clear preferences for incentives to invest

Reducing payroll tax and business tax as a matter of priority

76 %

63%

48%

47%

Further reduction of payroll taxes

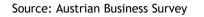
decreasing business tax

Strenghtening of tax deductions

Administration: simplification and acceleration

Results by size of enterprise

	Small	Medium	Big
Further reduction of payroll taxes	81%	77%	72%
Decreasing business tax	63%	60%	67%
Strenghtening of tax deductions	52%	55%	35%
Administration: simplification and acceleration	47%	48%	48%
Reducing administration costs	34%	30%	33%
		(multiple an	swers possible)





77% of enterprises have innovated within the last three years Reasons for innovation 77% of enterprises have innovated within the last three years 65% New organisational processes Services 78% New products/ Services New processes / new technologies

89% of enterprise	s innovate	incrementally
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Barriers	Lack of skilled workers	** **	High costs of prroject	Bureaucrad	Cy	§
to innovation*	. 59%		50%		39%	

^{*} Multiple answers possible



Digitalization of Enterprises

60% of enterprises plan to implement projects in digitalization

Reasons for Digitalization



85 % to innovate the enterprise



54 % to use market potential



 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{44} \ \% \\ \textbf{Competition} \end{array}$



42 % Regulatory requirements





Business survey

TOP 3 demands:

- Lowering taxes!
- Strengthening education!
- Cutting red tape!



Opportunities

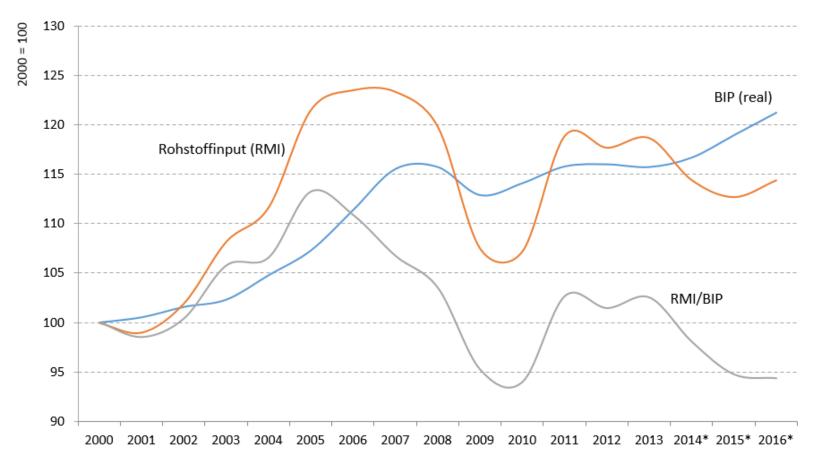


Climate Action: Europe needs to act

- 1. Create investment incentives for climate protection
- 2. Mobilize capital for transforming the energy system
- 3. Accelerate infrastructure procedures
- 4. Protect young people's opportunities through a climate protection budgets
- 5. Promote global convergence in climate policy



Climate Action: The Austrian economy decoupled GDP growth from resource input

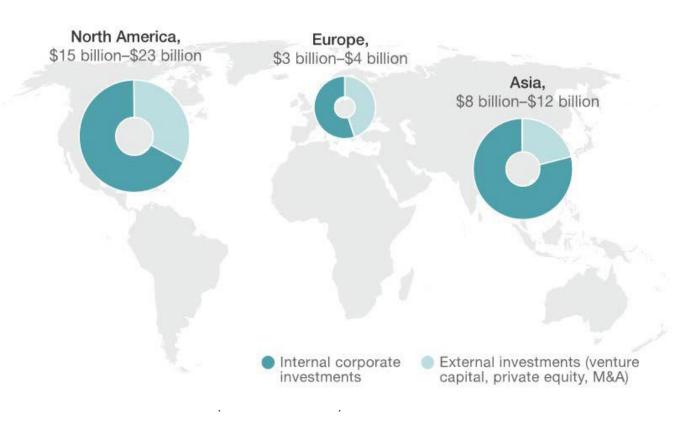


^{*} Abschätzung basierend auf Nowcasting



Innovation is a key driver for competitiveness

Artificial-intelligence investment, 2016



Global Innovation Index, TOP-15, points

Switzerland	67.2
Sweden	63.7
USA	61.7
Netherlands	61.4
UK	61.3
Finland	59.8
Denmark	58.4
Singapur	58.4
Germany	58.2
Israel	57.4
Korea	56.6
Ireland	56.1
Hong Kong	54.6
China	54.8
Japan	54.7
Austria	50.9

Source: The Global Innovation Index 2019



Fields of action for innovation

- 1. Strengthen applied R&D in companies
- 2. Promote the use of new technologies and data
- 3. Shape social innovation through companies
- 4. Create the right framework conditions for more innovation



Conclusions

- Investments are extremely important
- Peak of economic growth surpassed, modest outlook
- therefore right framework conditions necessary to allow for good investment climate, reduce uncertainty and allow for a level playing field with major players
- Enterprises very heterogeneous group, therefore different support measures necessary according to their capacity
- holistic approach among all EU support necessary



Thank you for your attention!

