







European Cross-industry Social Dialogue 1996 – 2011: an overview

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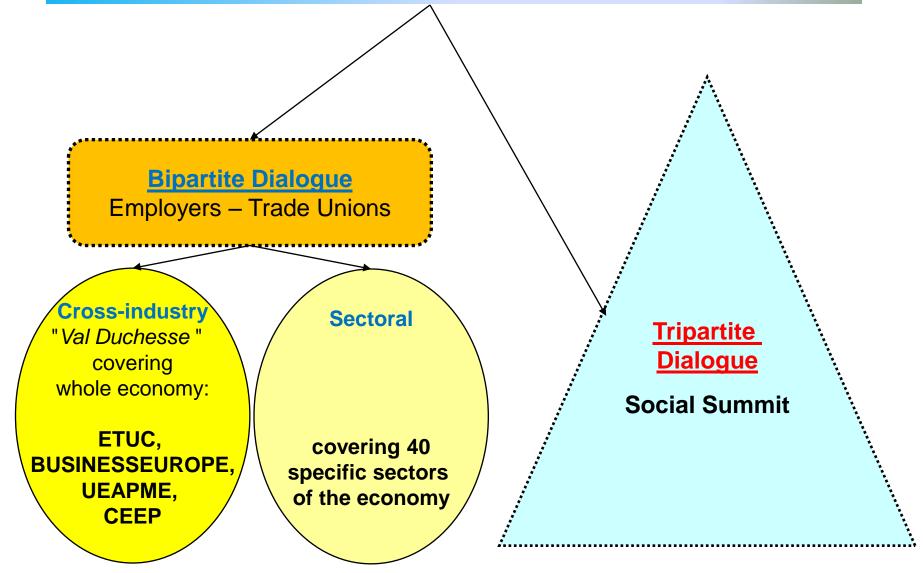
Introduction

Social dialogue: a tool to ensure smooth functioning of labour markets

Three types of activities involving the social partners:

- Social dialogue designates bipartite work by the social partners, whether or not prompted by the Commission's official consultations based on articles 154 and 155 of the Treaty.
- **II.** Consultation of the social partners designates the activities of advisory committees and official consultations in the spirit of articles 154 and 155 of the Treaty.
- III. Tripartite concertation designates exchanges between the social partners and European public authorities.

Bipartite and tripartite levels



History

Four main stages of development

Before 1985: Formal/informal consultations of social

partners

1985-1990: Emergence of bi-partite social dialogue ("joint

opinion period")

1991-2001: Recognition of social dialogue in the Treaty and

negotiations of agreements based on articles

138 and 139

Since 2002: Social partners re-affirm their autonomy and

adopt work-programmes for social dialogue

(2010): Articles 154 and 155 of the Treaty on the

Functioning of the European Union

Actors at cross-industry level

Representing European workers Representing European employers



European Trade Union Confederation;

- Established in 1973;
- 83 member organisations in 36 countries;
- 60m workers;
- 12 European Industry Federations;
- Eurocadres (professional & managerial staff)
- FERPA (retired retired & older people)

The Confederation of European Business

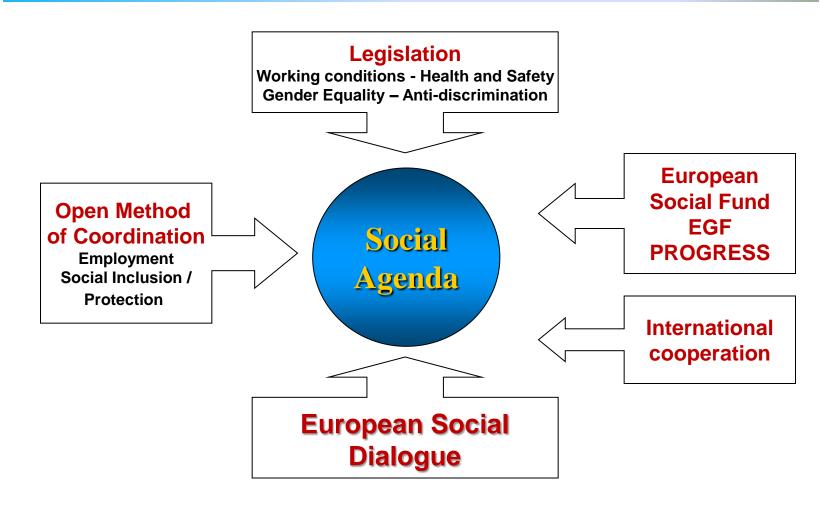
- Established 1958;
- 40 federations from 34 countries;
- More than 20m companies.
- European Association of Craft, Small and Mediumsized Enterprises
- European Centre of Enterprises with Public Participation and of Enterprises with General Economic Interest

Treaty provisions

Treaty articles art. 154 and 155 TFEU

- Consultation of the social partners in the social field (definition of social field in art.153)
- Two-stage consultation (on "possible direction" and "content" of future Union action)
- Possibility to enter negotiations and to conclude an agreement replacing Union action
- Two options regarding implementation

EU Employment & Social policy instruments



EU cross-industry social dialogue results

from 1996 to 2011

7* Framework agreements

- Agreements on parental leave, 14 December 1995* + 18 June 2009*
 - Directive 96/34/EC of 3 June 1996
 - Directive 10/18/EC of 8 March 2010
- Agreement on part time work, 6 June 1997
 - Directive 97/81/EC of 15 December 1997
- Agreement on fixed term contracts, 19 March 1999
 - Directive 99/70/EC of 28 June 1999
- Agreement on telework, 16 July 2002 > Implementation by SP
- Agreement on work-related stress, 8 October 2004 > Implementation by SP
- Agreement on harassment and violence at work, 21 April 2007 > Implementation by SP
- Agreement on inclusive labour markets, 25 March 2010 > Implementation by SP

Example of Framework agreement

PARENTAL LEAVE

- Signed in 1995, revised in 2009
 - First time a framework agreement was revised
- EU Directive 2010/18/EEC of 18 March 2010
 - Implementation period of two years
- Main points of the agreement
 - Reconciling professional and family responsibilities
 - Promoting equal opportunities and treatment between men and women
 - FA covers all categories of workers
 - The length of parental leave increased from 3 to 4 months
 - 1 month non transferrable
 - Role of income is acknowledged
 - Specific conditions to parents of children with disabilities or long-term illness
 - Notice periods to be determined at national level
 - Diverse family structures are recognised
 - Flexible working arrangements

Example of autonomous FA

INCLUSIVE LABOUR MARKETS

Signed on 25 March 2010

- Implementation in accordance with procedures and practices specific to management and labour
- 3 years to be implemented

Main points of the agreement

- Promote inclusive labour markets, maximise the full potential of Europe's labour force, increase employment rates, improve job quality, including through training and skills development
- FA covers those persons who encounter difficulties in entering, returning to or integrating into the labour market and those who, although in employment, are at risk (IN) of losing their job
- FA does not focus on specific groups.
- Common understanding of factors encouraging or discouraging labour market participation: contextual; work-related; individual
- Common assessment of obstacles to the full integration of individuals
- Availability of information; recruitment methods; learning opportunities; shared responsibilities; work-life balance
- Finding solutions: building awareness; cooperation with "third sector" and in education and training systems; implementing effective recruitment methods and induction policies; individual competence development plans; improve transparency and transferability

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EU cross-industry social dialogue results

from 1996 to 2011

- 2 Framework of actions
 - Framework of actions on the lifelong development of competencies and qualifications, 14 March 2002
 - Framework of actions on gender equality, 22 March 2005
- Report on joint work on ECJ rulings in the Viking, Laval,
 Rüffert and Luxembourg cases, 19 March 2010
- Joint Labour Market Analysis, 18 October 2007
- More than 50 other <u>joint documents</u>: reports, recommendations, declarations, opinions, compendia of good practices, etc.

Example of Framework of Actions

FRAMEWORK OF ACTIONS ON GENDER EQUALITY

Signed in 2005

- 4 years implementation period
- 3 annual implementation reports (2006, 2007, 2009)
- 1 final evaluation report (2009)

Four priorities

- Addressing gender roles
- Promoting women in decision-making
- Supporting work-life balance
- Tackling the gender pay gap

Final implementation report (2009)

- Introduction
- Analysis of the actions taken from 2005 to 2009
- Future perspectives

Example of other joint documents

JOINT ANALYSIS ON THE KEY CHALLENGES OF EUROPE'S LABOUR MARKETS

- Adopted in October 2007
- Contribution of SPs to the Flexicurity debate at EU level
- Joint recommendations of SPs to public authorities at EU and national levels
- Key areas of focus:
 - Active Labour Market policies and economic policies
 - Social protection, cohesion, and inclusion
 - Labour regulation and industrial relations
 - Flexicurity

Example of other joint documents

JOINT STATEMENT ON THE EUROPE 2020 STRATEGY

Adopted in June 2010

Main objectives:

- Improving competitiveness
- Maintaining social cohesion

Policy Priorities:

- Combining exit and entry strategies
- Promoting the knowledge triangle (education, research, innovation)
- Employment and social policies
- A supportive public environment and access to high-quality, affordable and effective public services

Governance and procedures:

- Seeking the appropriate European framework for the implementation of structural reforms in Member States
- Monitoring progress and alerting (guidelines, recommendations, financial framework)

EU cross-industry social dialogue results

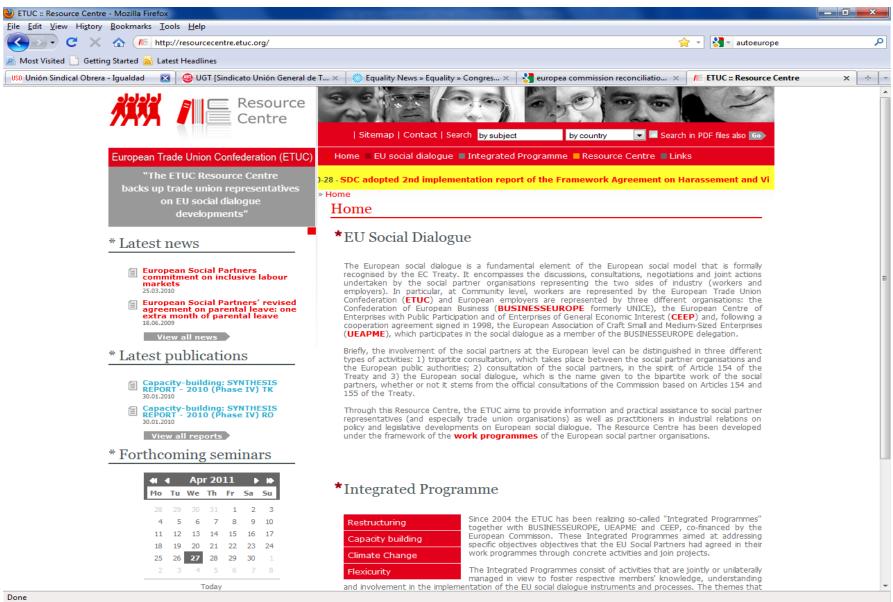
Work Programmes

- **2003-2005**
- **2006-2008**
- **2009-2010**

Four Integrated Programmes of the EU Social Partners

- Seminars capacity building on EU social dialogue
 - ✓ Resource centres
 - ✓ Websites
 - ✓ Joint Translation Fund
 - ✓ Training & Mentoring
 - ✓ 2nd level trainings on social dialogue
 - ✓ Seminars on demand / Twinnings
- Study on restructuring EU 27
- Study on Flexicurity
- Study on Climate Change
- Study on Social Dialogue

http://resourcecentre.etuc.org/



















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HOME

EU SOCIAL DIALOGUE FLEXICURITY CLIMATE CHANGE PROJECTS SOCIAL DIALOGUE RESTRUCTURING EU FINANCIAL SUPPORT

LATEST NEWS

1 April 2011 Flexicurity final conference, Brussels







USEFUL LINKS

BUSINESSEUROPE **UEAPME** CEEP ETUC

European Commission DG EMPL

Eurofound - European Foundation for the improvement of living and working conditions

EIRO - European Industrial Relations Observatory

FU SOCIAL DIAL OGUE

Database of texts and documents of the EU social dialogue

STUDY ON

FI FXICURITY

The implementation of flexicurity and the role of social partners (2010 - ongoing)

STUDY ON CLIMATE CHANGE

The employment impact of climate change policies (2010 - ongoing)

PROJECTS ON THE SOCIAL DIALOGUE

EU social dialogue seminar (2011) - What are the social partners needs?

(2003-2009) - Competency development Package Tools STUDY ON RESTRUCTURING

National studies on social and economic change in EU Member States (2005-2010)

FU FINANCIAL SUPPORT

- On demand seminar fund: - Translation fund: - Mentorina programme;

- EU funding opportunities

ABOUT ERC

The Employers' Resource Centre has been created as a service to respond to the needs of employer federations. It provides information on the European Social Dialogue, on joint projects being undertaken by European Social Partners, and on financial opportunities for their members that exist.

You can find further information on how to fund your own projects, how to access funds to translate Social Dialogue agreements, and how to finance visits to Brussels for attending meetings, by clicking on the above links.

Concluding remarks

- Existence of strong and independant social partners organisations with voluntary membership is a pre-condition for social democracy
- The (relatively new) context of EU 27
- Important results achieved since 1996, but time for reflexion
- Social dialogue and tripartite concertation must not be confused
- Autonomy of social partners must be respected

THANK YOU!

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